

## LATEST TELEGRAPH CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

## THE "RUNNING MATE" PROBLEM.

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terminated upon for President. There are not enough delegates here to give an intimation of what is likely to occur. Dispatches received here from different sections indicate that the delegates who have been sounded on the question have not yet made up their minds, or they do not care to express a preference for any candidate. There is an impression that good politics calls for a selection from New York, and if a satisfactory candidate cannot be found there, then the next thing to do would be to go to Indiana.

## EASTERN MAN WANTED.

Western Democrats would be glad to have an Eastern man named who would add strength to the ticket in that section. From the Nebraska point of view, and in fact looking at the map from Kansas City, Indiana might be considered East. Both New York and Indiana are considered battlegrounds. Both were carried for McKinley in 1896, but the confidence of the Democrats in their ability to reverse the vote in Indiana, and the strong hopes they entertain of carrying New York, is one of the interesting features of the situation here. It is this condition that causes the Democrats to talk of a Vice-Presidential candidate from one of these States. There will have to be more delegates in the city and something like alignment of forces for and against certain candidates for Vice-President before even guesses can be made with any degree of intelligence.

## SULZER WORKING HARD.

If Mr. Sulzer, of New York, is not nominated for Vice-President, it will not be on account of any lack of booming on the part of his friends who are here. The managers with B. D. O'Connell at their head, are losing no opportunity of making known the fact that Mr. Sulzer is not only in the race, but that he will win if he can. Badges bearing the inscription "Bryan and Sulzer and victory," with portraits of the men, are being distributed to all who will wear them, while another method of campaign has been adopted in spreading broadcast a small handbill. This document contains only a few words and quotes from a speech made by Champ Clark in the House of Representatives, in which the Missouri man said:

"In this distinguished presence I nominate for Vice-President William Sulzer, of New York, who is faithful to the cause at all times, in all places and under all circumstances. I honor Mr. Sulzer for his courage, his honesty and his fidelity exhibited amid environment which would discourage, dishearten and appall a more timid man."

## WILLIAMS AGAINST HILL.

SAYS HILL IS COMING TO SECURE MODIFICATION OF PLATFORM OF 1896.

Kansas City, June 29.—George Fred Williams, member of the National Committee and delegate to the Democratic Convention from Massachusetts, arrived in Kansas City to-day. Mr. Williams has been among those mentioned as a possible Vice-Presidential candidate, but he says that having pronounced views and not being afraid to express them, makes it impossible for him to be considered in this convention. He is by far the most breezy and unreserved man that has yet appeared here, and he talks on every phase of the situation without, however, committing himself or the New England delegation upon the Vice-Presidential situation, save to say that he believed that Towne would be the strongest man that could be named with Bryan.

## HILL'S OBJECT IN COMING.

Mr. Williams talked about ex-Senator Hill in a manner to indicate his entire disapprobation of that gentleman.

"What is Hill coming here for?" he asked, and answered the query: "For the sole and avowed purpose of trying to secure a modification of the platform of 1896. He ought to be here in sackcloth and ashes instead of trying to tell us what we should do. New York, with Hill as its leader, remained silent in the Chicago convention after the majority had declared its will on the platform. Now, he comes here to say, 'I will help you if you do as I say.' If we win he will say, 'I helped you.' If you lose he will say, 'I told you what to do and you see the result.' I don't like that attitude. Croker and Murphy come here in a different spirit, willing to take the platform that is made and abide by the result. It is largely that Hill will not be so prominent when Croker and Murphy take charge."

## FOR 16 TO 1.

Mr. Williams is one of the men who is determined to work for a specific declaration for the ratio of 16 to 1 in the platform. He says that there must be no deviation from that declaration. "If we were right in 1896, why should we change now?" he said. "To simply reaffirm the Chicago platform is not sufficient. Nor would it be enough to declare for bimetalism. Every man could declare himself a bimetalist and place the ratio at 23 to 1 or 50 to 1, to suit his own ideas, all of which would mean nothing. I do not believe this convention will be satisfied with anything but a specific 16 to 1 declaration. The morale of the party demands it, and if we were right when we polled six and one-half million votes we will be right in making the declaration anew."

"Mr. Bryan could not honorably stand upon a platform that even by implication abandoned the great issue on which the former campaign was fought. We cannot write ourselves down as being jack asses or knaves in 1896 by leaving out the old ratio declaration."

WON'T VINDICATE CLEVELAND. Mr. Williams turned his attention to Grover Cleveland, whom he denounced for throwing the weight of the Democratic administration against the Democratic ticket four years ago. "To make concessions now," he said, "would mean that Cleveland was right and the greatest man in the Democratic party. I do not believe this con-

vention will do it, and when the delegates arrive it will be found that the movement is not popular. The men behind this movement are those who want to place the Democratic party and Mr. Bryan in a vassal position like the present administration. They want to place Bryan on a par with McKinley, and I say the Kansas City Convention will not do anything of that kind."

## NINE ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT

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Information received apart from the cablegram to the Chinese minister shows that the consuls have not yet signed.

## STATE DEPARTMENT LEARNS TERMS.

Washington, June 29.—The State Department also has been made acquainted with the terms of the agreement between the consuls and the viceroys looking to the protection of foreign interests in the southern provinces of China. The first step to this end was indicated in Secretary Hay's cablegram of last Wednesday to the American consuls in China authorizing them to take direct action instead of waiting for possible communication with Minister Conger. Thus authorized, Consul General Goodnow at Shanghai, and probably several others in the south, began negotiations with the viceroys and taotais of their respective districts. The outcome was the nine articles of agreement.

The text is withheld here from publication, but it is understood that its general purpose is to make neutral the Chinese treaty ports and to prevent the withdrawal of foreign men of war from the treaty ports and also of any foreign troops or sailors, leaving to the Chinese authorities and the residents of Shanghai and the other ports the preservation of order.

## CABINET FAILS TO RATIFY IT.

The agreement came before the Cabinet to-day and failed of ratification in the belief that the foreign consuls, as a body, never entered into the agreement. In addition to the subjects above mentioned as forming part of the agreement, it is understood that the consuls bound themselves to acquit the Chinese Government of any responsibility for rioting, murder, and pillage in the treaty ports if any foreign warship should enter such port in violation of the agreement. The whole agreement bore the appearance of a rough memorandum which the cabinet concluded could never have received the assent of all of the foreign consuls.

## MCKINLEY IS CONFIDENT

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not with the President to increase the volunteer force, and while the War Department cannot be other than gratified at these prompt and spontaneous evidences of patriotism on the part of the people it can only reply to each and every such tender of assistance that there is no authority of law for the acceptance of any volunteer troops other than those now in the service.

## CABINET MEMBERS SEE NO CHANGE.

Washington, June 29.—None of the members of the cabinet who were present at to-day's meeting could see the least change for the better in the Chinese situation. Secretary Hay was not present, nor was Secretary Case, but the other members said that nothing had been heard from the ministers stationed at Peking, and this fact was causing the greatest alarm for their safety. It was stated that every possible effort was being made to secure intelligence of their whereabouts, but up to this time without results. No additional troops, it was said, had been ordered to China, but matters were being put in shape to meet any emergency that might arise. When the cabinet meeting broke up there could be no doubt that the members shared the general depression at the lack of news from Minister Conger.

## STORY OF SEYMOUR'S RELIEF

Continued from Page 1.

them with a loss of about one hundred killed. Our loss was five Italians.

## LOFA STATION ATTACKED.

"The same afternoon the Boxers attacked the British guard left to protect Lofa station. Reinforcements were sent back, and the enemy were driven off, with a hundred killed. Two of our men were wounded.

"We pushed forward to Aning, and engaged the enemy on June 12 and 13, inflicting a loss of 175. There were no casualties on our side.

"Extensive destruction of the railroad in our front having made further advance by rail impossible, I decided on June 16 to return to Yang Tsin, where it was proposed to organize an advance by the river to Peking. After my departure from Lang Yang two trains left to follow on were attacked on June 18 by Boxers and imperial troops from Peking, who lost from 400 to 500 killed. Our casualties were 6 killed and 48 wounded. These trains joined me at Yang Tsin the same evening.

"The railway at Yang Tsin was found entirely demolished and the trains could not be moved. The force being short of provisions and hampered with wounded, compelled us to withdraw on Tien Tsin, with which we had not been in communication for six days and our supplies had been cut off.

## CONTINUOUS BATTLES.

"On June 19 the wounded, with necessities, started by boat, the forces marching alongside the river. Opposition was experienced during the whole course of the river from nearly every village, the Boxers, when defeated, in one village retreating to the next, and skillfully retarding our advance by occupying well-selected positions from which they had to be forced, often at the point of the bayonet and in face of a galling fire difficult to locate.

"On June 20 we made a night march, arriving at daybreak opposite the imperial armory at Tien Tsin, where, after friendly advances a treacherous

heavy fire was opened, while our men were exposed on the opposite river bank. The enemy were kept in check by rifle fire in front, while their position was turned by a party of marines and seamen under Major Johnson, who rushed and occupied one of the salient points, seizing guns. The Germans, lower down, silenced two guns, and then crossed the river and captured them.

## IMPERIAL ARMORY CAPTURED.

The armory was next occupied by the combined forces. Determined attempts to retake the armory were made on the following day, but unsuccessfully.

Found immense stores of guns, arms and ammunition of the latest pattern. Several guns were mounted in our defense and shelled the Chinese forts lower down.

"Having found ammunition and rice we could have held out for some days; but, being harried with large numbers of wounded, I sent to Tien Tsin for a relieving force, which arrived on the morning of June 25. The armory was evacuated and the forces arrived at Tien Tsin on June 26. We burned the armory.

"Casualties to date: British, killed, 27; wounded, 75; American, killed, 4; wounded, 25; French, killed, 1; wounded, 19; Germans, killed, 12; wounded, 62; Italian, killed, 5; wounded, 3; Japanese, killed, 2; wounded, 3; Austrian, killed, 1; wounded, 1; and Russian, killed, 10; wounded, 27."

## COUP D'ETAT FORESHADOWED

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"There is no doubt that the Chinese Government fully recognized what the safety of the Ministers implies at the present time, and for this reason there is less uneasiness about them."

The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Telegraph in a dispatch dated says:

## MINISTERS LEAVE PEKIN.

"Chinese officials declare they have imperial authority for stating that the foreign ministers left Peking for Tien Tsin via Pao Ting Pu on June 26. They have passports and are escorted by a strong body of Chinese troops. It is impossible to verify this statement, and the consuls here are not disposed to place much faith in it. Jung Lu, former Generalissimo of the Chinese forces, who was dismissed by the Emperor Dowager, when she designated Pu Shun as her apparent to the throne, has pronounced an order to all viceroys and Governors not to obey imperial edicts issued since June 15. This is interpreted to mean another coup d'etat is foreshadowed, and it is believed that a new Emperor will be proclaimed."

The Canton correspondent of the Daily Telegraph in a dispatch dated Thursday says:

## LI HUNG CHANG DETAINED.

"The unexpected arrival of an edict late last night from the Emperor and Empress Dowager, presented the departure of Li Hung Chang northward on the United States steamer Brooklyn. Arrangements for his sailing had been quietly completed by United States Consul Robert M. McWade and Commander McLean, of the Don Juan de Austria. The possibility of a rebellion in Canton, and the imperative necessity of the organization of a properly armed and reliable corps of 10,000 men are among the chief reasons for the edict detaining Earl Li. One hundred and thirty pirates and Boxers were beheaded yesterday by Li's orders to terrorize law-breakers. The United States ship Princeton has been ordered to Canton."

A dispatch from Shanghai of yesterday's date says the position at Chung Kiang is very critical, and that the steamer Pioneer has been detained.

## Benevolent Orders Elect Officers.

At a regular meeting of Friendship Conclave No. 2, Heptagons, or S. W. M., held last night, the following officers were elected: Eminent Archon, W. E. Winn; Worthy Chancellor, J. A. Feltworth; Worthy Vice-Provost, George E. Pinkham; Venerable Prelate, E. R. Gayle; Recording Scribe, W. F. Gregory; Financial Scribe, C. E. Outten; Treasurer, S. D. Rhodes; Inspector General, D. S. Harmon.

Charity Lodge No. 10, K. of P., has elected the following officers: Chancellor, Commander, J. Crocker; Vice-Chancellor, L. J. Smithwick; Prelate, A. A. Stoltz; Master of Work, J. T. Huggins; Master at Arms, Max L. Lutz; Inner Guard, J. Haskel; Outer Guard, J. J. Harrison.

## Happy Women

who have been relieved of painful menstruation by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, are constantly writing grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

cured them. It always relieves painful periods and no woman who suffers should be without this knowledge.

Nearly all the ills of women result from some derangement of the female organism. Mrs. Pinkham's great medicine makes women healthy; of this there is overwhelming proof.

Don't experiment. If you suffer get this medicine and get Mrs. Pinkham's free advice. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

## BRAMBLETON.

The Local Board of Improvement held a special meeting at 8 o'clock last night, with President C. J. Jones in the chair, and the following members present: Messrs. Gale, Hancock, Reid, Bunting and Sterling.

The meeting was called at the request of the Finance Committee to consider the question of local assessments, when the following was adopted:

Resolved, That the Finance Committee be instructed to request the City Attorney to prepare an ordinance for the improvement of Highland, Reservoir, Levitt, Willoughby and Windsor avenues, under an expediency resolution assessing the abutting property owners.

The Board appropriated \$900 for re-decking Holt street bridge.

Miss Lydia Herbert, of North Marshall avenue, returned last night from a pleasant visit to relatives in Windsor, Va.

Rev. J. J. Hall, D. D., will preach from the following subjects at Park Avenue Baptist Church Sunday morning: "The Irrepressible Conflict," Evening, "The Real Glory of Youth." The night sermon will be specially addressed to young people.

The Epworth League of Trinity M. E. Church will meet for devotional exercises at 4:15 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

Rev. F. W. Meers, a recent graduate of Richmond College, will preach at Spurgeon Memorial Baptist Church Sunday.

## Benefit at the Beach.

LOUISE SPENCER DANIEL, HUMORIST, ENTERTAINERS FOR THE HOSPITAL.

The entertainment at Virginia Beach for the benefit of the Norfolk Protestant Hospital took place last night, having been postponed from the day previous on account of the wreck on the road.

The attendance was naturally somewhat affected in numbers by the postponement and a feeling of uncertainty as to whether or not Mr. Daniel would be able to remain another day. However, those who did go were treated to a splendid lot of real fun by Humoral Louise Spencer Daniel, interspersed with some pleasing bits of song from Mr. R. C. Tupman, accompanied by Mr. A. F. Koerner.

Mr. Daniel can't be described; he must be heard.

The program was as follows:

Dialect ..... Old Ash  
Mr. Daniel.  
"The Morning Toilet" ..... A Farce  
..... Without Words  
Mr. Daniel.  
"Time and Tide" ..... Rodney  
Mr. Tupman.  
Repertoire ..... Les Miserables  
Mr. Daniel.  
Comedy ..... A Country Courtship  
Mr. Daniel.  
"In Thy Blue Eyes" ..... Bohm  
Mr. Tupman.  
Repertoire ..... The Young Doctor's  
..... First Visit  
Mr. Daniel.  
Comedy ..... Pride Comedies Before a Fall  
Mr. Daniel.

## Obsequies of Mrs. Jacobs.

The funeral of Mr. James P. Jacobs, who died at his residence, in Kempsville, Princess Anne county, Thursday, was held from the Kempsville Episcopal Church at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. John E. Wales, of Norfolk. The interment was in the family burial lot. Following were the pall-bearers: J. T. Herriek, D. Hodges, A. F. Herbert, W. T. Smith, William Sutton and Jacob Gillett.

## UNDERA BATH AT OCEAN VIEW.

**Saratoga Arondack Water**

Taken in the morning acts as a brace— with meals as a stimulant to digest, it cures nervousness and makes you sleep. Try it. For sale by druggists, grocers, cafes and hotels. Send for pamphlet.

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W. H. TERRY & CO., Wholesale Druggists,  
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**Yacht and Outing Caps**

In Crash and Linen  
Duck, White and Tan.

75c. worth of comfort for

**50c.**

**Kohheimer's**

DOUBLE STORES.  
328-330 MAIN ST.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

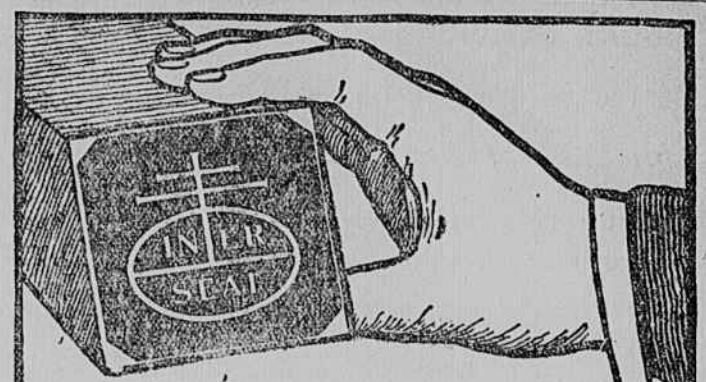
The firm of COLE & SHULTICE, Attorneys at Law, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, to take effect from and after July 1st, 1900.

J. EDWARD COLE,  
ROBERT W. SHULTICE,  
June 1st, 1900.

Mr. Cole will continue the practice of law at room 25, Lowenberg Building, and Mr. Shultice will continue the practice of law at room 25, Lowenberg Building, in the city of Norfolk, Va. Tel-650,334

Olive Oil, Sardines,  
Buffalo Lithia Water, Poland Mineral Water, Wines, Whiskies and Cigars.

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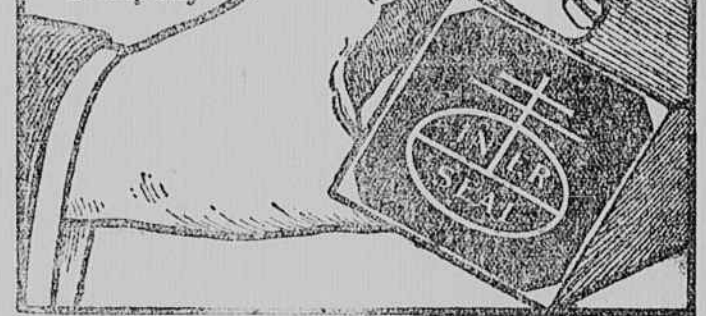


## Look at the End

of the package in which you buy your crackers and biscuit. See that it bears the trade mark design that tells you it is the "In-er-seal Patent Package." The package that keeps its contents fresh and crisp for you no matter when or where you get them. The tightly sealed outside cover, the peculiar inner folds of specially prepared cardboard and the lining of moisture proof paper, protects the package against dust, damp, odor and germs. Soda Biscuit, Milk Biscuit, Butter Crackers, Saltines, Banquet Wafers, Sultana Fruit, Sea Foam, Graham Biscuit, Oatmeal Biscuit, Ginger Snaps, Handmade Pretzel-ettes and Vanilla Wafers, can now be had in the "In-er-seal Patent Package."

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A Handsome Souvenir will be Given to Every Visitor to My Store.

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for less money than at any other Jewelry Store in the City for cash. Give us a trial and be convinced. We also sell

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Inquire fully; choose carefully, but wisely, and it is ten to one you will buy here. We have clothes for every taste and price, and our guarantee is behind every suit we sell. Our prices on suits range from \$12.50 to \$25.00. Between these prices you are sure to find what you want. Single and Double-breasted. White VEST, from \$1.25 to \$2.00. See our striped Flannel Coats and Pants—there are none better.

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